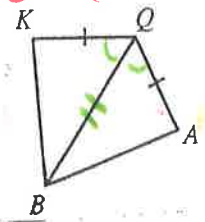


5.35.5-5.6 Proving Δ 's \cong

Put Givens all on 1 line.

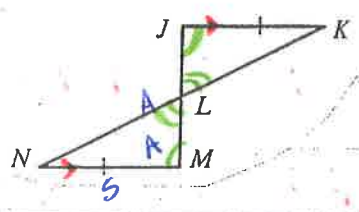
Given: $\overline{QK} \cong \overline{QA}$, \overrightarrow{QB} bisects $\angle KQA$
 Prove: $\triangle BQK \cong \triangle BQA$



1. $\overline{QK} \cong \overline{QA}$, \overrightarrow{QB} bisects $\angle KQA$
2. $\angle KQB \cong \angle AQB$
3. $\overline{BQ} \cong \overline{BQ}$
4. $\triangle BQK \cong \triangle BQA$

1. Given
2. Def. Angle Bisector
3. Reflexive
4. SAS

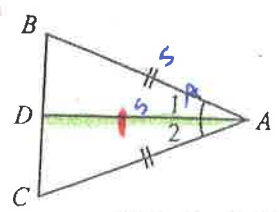
Given: $\overline{KJ} \parallel \overline{NM}$, $\overline{KJ} \cong \overline{NM}$
 Prove: $\triangle KJL \cong \triangle NML$



1. $\overline{KJ} \parallel \overline{NM}$, $\overline{KJ} \cong \overline{NM}$
2. $\angle LJK \cong \angle LMN$
3. $\angle JLK \cong \angle MLN$
4. $\triangle KJL \cong \triangle NML$

1. Given
2. Alternate Interior \angle s \cong
3. Vertical \angle s \cong
4. AAS

Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$
 $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$
 Prove: $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle ACD$

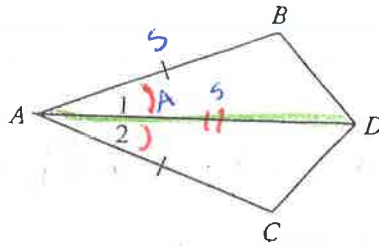


1. $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$, $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$
2. $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{AD}$
3. $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle ACD$

1. Given
2. Reflexive
3. SAS

Given: \overline{AD} bisects $\angle BAC$.
 $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$

Prove: $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle ACD$



1. \overline{AD} bisects $\angle BAC$, $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AC}$

2. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

3. $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{AD}$

4. $\triangle ABD \cong \triangle ACD$

1. Given

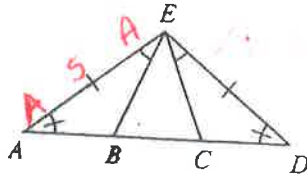
2. Def. Angle Bisector

3. Reflexive

4. SAS

Given: $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{DE}$, $\angle A \cong \angle D$
 $\angle AEB \cong \angle DEC$

Prove: $\triangle AEB \cong \triangle DEC$



1. $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{DE}$, $\angle A \cong \angle D$, $\angle AEB \cong \angle DEC$ | Given

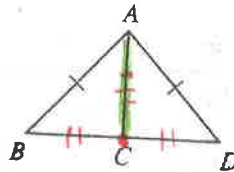
2. $\triangle AEB \cong \triangle DEC$

2. ASA

Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AD}$

C is the midpoint of \overline{BD} .

Prove: $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle ADC$



1. $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{AD}$, C is midpoint \overline{BD}

2. $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{CD}$

3. $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{AC}$

4. $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle ADC$

1. Given

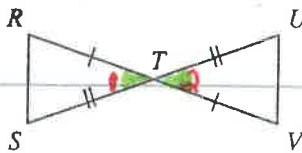
2. Def. Midpoint

3. Reflexive

4. SSS

Given: $\overline{RT} \cong \overline{VT}$, $\overline{ST} \cong \overline{UT}$

Prove: $\triangle RST \cong \triangle VUT$



1. $\overline{RT} \cong \overline{VT}$, $\overline{ST} \cong \overline{UT}$

2. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 2$

3. $\triangle RST \cong \triangle VUT$

1. Given

2. Vertical Angles

3. SAS